

Webis Holdings plc

Global Gaming Group

Annual Report and Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 May 2016

AIM Stock Code: WEB

Webis Holdings plc

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Webis Holdings plc

Group at a Glance

Webis Holdings plc operates two primary segments within its Group structure:

**WatchandWager.com Ltd and WatchandWager.com LLC – Advanced Deposit Wagering (“ADW”)
WatchandWager.com LLC - Cal Expo Harness Racetrack**

WatchandWager.com Ltd is regulated in the Isle of Man and operates a totalisator wagering hub through its United States Tote supplier, which enables it to conduct its ADW business by passing wagers directly into global racetrack betting pools in real time.

WatchandWager.com LLC has its operational base in Lexington, Kentucky, with its head office in Larkspur, California, and provides pari-mutuel, or pool-betting, wagering services through a number of distribution channels to a global client base. The company holds United States pari-mutuel licences for its ADW business in the US, issued by North Dakota, California, Maryland and Colorado. The business provides wagering opportunities predominantly on horse and greyhound racing and has contracted with a significant number of prestigious racetrack partners within the United States, Hong Kong, France, Canada, United Kingdom, Ireland, and Australia amongst others. It provides wagering facilities to customers through its website, *watchandwager.com*, as well as offering a business-to-business wagering product and a telephone call centre.

WatchandWager.com LLC also operates Cal Expo Harness Racetrack in Sacramento, California, under a licence issued by the California Horse Racing Board. This ‘bricks and mortar’ presence in the largest state economy in the US continues to provide leverage for our related global pari-mutuel operations.

As part of the requirements for Webis Holdings plc’s Isle of Man licence, client funds for the Isle of Man licensed Group companies are held in fully protected client accounts within an Isle of Man regulated bank.

Webis Holdings plc

Chairman's Statement

Introduction

This report is the first trading year that the Group reports solely on our core USA based business subsidiary of WatchandWager.com ("WatchandWager"), head-quartered in the San Francisco Bay area, with an operations hub in Lexington, Kentucky, and the race track management business – Cal Expo, based in Sacramento, California. As shareholders are aware, we closed our sportsbook operation in March 2015 (see note 7). As a result of this, financial comparisons in the report are restated and based on continuing operations only.

Despite an overall loss on the year, I am pleased to report a further improved trading performance from WatchandWager. In particular, we saw a significant increase in turnover across the operation through the year, but most especially in the second half. This has continued into the new financial year as reported below. The operation has made good progress in key areas of the business, namely the Business Trading arm and our consumer website/mobile product. In addition, our racetrack at Cal Expo had another solid year, assisting with many strategic projects during the year and for the future.

Most importantly, WatchandWager has achieved a size and credibility within the USA to be a significant player in the USA horseracing and e-gaming space, which is widely still considered to be a jurisdiction of opportunity as European markets consolidate. The company has a solid operational presence and multiple licences in key States. In addition, its global reach continues, particularly in key Racing jurisdictions such as the USA, Hong Kong, France, UK and Ireland, amongst others.

Year End Results Review

Group turnover for the year ended 31 May 2016 was US\$ 224.3 million (2015: US\$154.4 million) – a growth of over 45% on continuing operations. Gross Profit decreased by 3.3% to US\$ 4.1 million (2015: US\$4.2 million), reflecting the cost of remaining competitive. This trend led to a reduction in overall gross margin to 1.8% (2015: 2.7%).

Operating costs were US\$5.04 million: almost identical to 2015 (2015: US\$ 5.03 million). There were some cost savings during the year as we become more established within the USA. Against that, the scope of business has grown significantly and the costs savings have levelled against further investment in new staff, particularly in Lexington, as well as the costs of meeting global compliance and regulatory requirements.

As a result, our loss from continuing operations was US\$1.2 million (2015: loss of US\$1.6 million), including re-organisational costs, impairments and one-off costs. This provided a basic and diluted loss per share for continuing operations of 31 cents (2015: loss of 40 cents).

Shareholder equity has decreased to US\$1.9 million (2015: US\$3.2 million). Total cash stands at US\$ 6.4 million (2015: US\$6.1 million), which includes a ring-fenced amount of US\$0.9 million (2015: US\$1.4 million) held as protection against our player liability as required under Isle of Man

gambling legislation. A further amount of US\$2.6 million (2015: US\$2.6 million) is held as bonds and deposits with other regulatory authorities on behalf of players.

WatchandWager

Business to Business ("Business Trading")

WatchandWager has recently rebranded the BTOB sector of its operations to Business Trading to more accurately reflect its operations, namely the provision of pari-mutuel wagering to high-roller clients, many of whom specialise in algorithmic or computer assisted trading on a wide range of global racetracks.

The turnover for the full year was boosted by significant high volume player activity through its access into the Hong Kong Jockey Club pools and the French PMU in particular, and other markets in the USA, Canada, Australia, UK, Ireland and several others.

It has been very much a game of two halves in this sector. The first six months of the year reflected a slower than anticipated turnover and less content availability. Importantly, the second half showed a marked improvement in turnover to May 2016, a trend that has continued into the new financial year. The reason for this is an increase in the number of active players and further improvements in content availability.

Against these positive developments, the Business Trading high volume wagering sector has become increasingly competitive over the year, with other operators and player agents providing third-party services, and increased racetrack fees being charged in return for access to racetrack wagering and video streaming rights. This has made the sector become increasingly high volume, but low margin in nature, as is reflected in the overall decline in the company's gross margin.

The division also remains relatively high maintenance as content providers, in particular, are concerned with high volume winners impacting their local markets. In order to grow, and in some instances maintain existing relationships, we incurred some additional regulatory and legal costs, as well as increased travel expenses, to service content providers, clients and conferences in what is primarily a global relationship business.

Despite this, WatchandWager has now achieved a vital critical mass and level of expertise to become a significant player in this market. The Board remains very positive for further growth in the Business Trading sector in the future, especially in core reputable horseracing jurisdictions.

Webis Holdings plc

Chairman's Statement continued

Business to Consumer

www.watchandwager.com/mobile

We have made good progress in this area, although, at present, only allocating a relatively modest marketing budget. This resulted in active player numbers peaking at almost double than the prior year around Triple Crown time (May to June 2016). Positively, the successful opening of our Lexington operations hub has assisted growth in this sector. The recruitment of dedicated marketing, social media and customer services teams has given this activity momentum.

In addition, we also successfully launched several new and improved payment processors during the year, something the team has worked on tirelessly for several years. Most importantly, these methods, which are both direct card/ACH deposit, wallet solutions and voucher schemes, are primarily based in the USA and have assisted successful acceptance rates and credibility with our clients: something that has been challenging for all operators in the USA e-gaming space. The investment in compliance in gaining these contracts will be important to the company long term.

We have also launched aggressive bonusing and promotional offers to our clients, utilising SMS, mail and social media outlets, with a content focus on daily cash back and bonuses to clients. Whilst always monitoring the impact this can have on the bottom line, it is clear this more aggressive strategy has improved player numbers and reactivation and retention rates.

During the period, we also opened our new telephone Call Centre in Lexington. Take up has been relatively slow to date but this gives another outlet for wagering for our customers at low cost, with operators working on customer service and social media during downtime.

Cal Expo Racetrack

Cal Expo, our Sacramento based harness racetrack operation, again performed well in its fourth year of operation under our control.

In conjunction with our management team at Sacramento, we have run the operation in a pragmatic but efficient manner by controlling costs to achieve the best return for all stakeholders and by keeping a very close control on Health and Safety issues. In this regard, it is especially pleasing that there were no significant health and safety issues at the track during the period. We continue to focus on a policy of less is more, with a slight reduction in race days, but with a focus on competitive field sizes and providing a good betting medium for our clients both on and off track. As operators of the track, we have also been successful in attracting Business Trading clients to our pools, which helps liquidity building and, therefore, confidence in the betting product.

Post Year, Strategy and Regulatory Developments

I am pleased to report a further improved performance into the new financial year, with good turnover levels and EBITDA profitability in the first four months.

Our Business Trading sector has continued the positive momentum generated with good staking levels across our

core markets in France, U.K., Ireland, USA, and Australia. This is especially encouraging as HKJC was not racing during the summer period, but restarted in September thus helping trading in the last two months. France, in particular, has also shown significant growth in the last few months.

With regard to the website/mobile product, it is encouraging that we have continued the momentum since the Triple Crown in May/June throughout the summer. Our recipe of focusing on the improved wagering platform plus preferred USA payment methods, range of content and an enhanced advantage program, do appear to be working.

On the back of these encouraging signs, we have recently signed heads of agreement for a significantly upgraded wagering platform contract with our software suppliers, i-neda, based in Farnborough, UK. This was after an exhaustive Request for Proposal program across multiple suppliers. This is an important project, with a launch date of 1st April 2017, coupled with a supporting marketing spend.

Licenses/Regulation

I am pleased to report that on 17th November 2016 we successfully renewed our two core USA licenses, namely the North Dakota Racing Commission multi-jurisdictional license and California Horse Racing Board license for 2017. The California license comes with a caveat of two outstanding items, due to be presented in January 2017, and we are confident we will be able to comply with these items. We continue to pursue other licenses on a cost/benefit basis to the company, in particular in Kentucky and New York, and at time of writing we expect these license applications to be held in December 2016, and if approved to be live for 2017 operations.

Our Isle of Man Gambling Supervision Commission license continues in good status. This license occupies a small section of our business, but does give us strategic advantages and opportunities outside the USA.

Cal Expo

Cal Expo resumed racing on 22nd October as planned. Also, as previously reported, we have renewed our leasehold contract with the State owned landlord at the track, to show our commitment to the operation. We launched a specific horse recruitment process during the summer which has proven successful, and have a record number of horse population of over 450 at present. The racetrack has been instrumental in many of the deals and growth we have seen in the business. As a result, we are currently examining other racetrack or race related contracts, to evaluate whether they have strategic benefits in key US States, most probably outside California.

Webis Holdings plc

Chairman's Statement continued

USA on-line gaming

Progress has been slow in this area, especially during a Federal election year, and has largely vindicated the Board's decision to monitor it rather than spend significant sums on lobbying. That said, 2017 will be a fresh year, and we support any new on-line poker bills in California that provide a subsidy to active racetracks, such as our operation at Cal Expo. We also continue to look at new forms of e-gaming such as Fantasy and Virtual Sports, although mindful of not impacting daily operations.

Summary Outlook

In summary, despite an overall loss reported on the year, the Board are very encouraged by the growth in the business, especially in the second half of the year and the first quarter of the new financial year. There is clear evidence of achieving a critical mass in turnover which is vital to achieve profitability in the market. Equally importantly, the Board remains confident that the strategies adopted are regulatory compliant, correctly aligned and focussed to ensure the best prospects for future growth and a return to profitability.

I would like to thank all of our staff, our customers and our shareholders for their continued support throughout the year.

Denham Eke
Non-executive Chairman
28 November 2016

Webis Holdings plc

The Board of Directors

Denham Eke, aged 65

Non-executive Chairman

Denham Eke began his career in stockbroking before moving into corporate planning for a major UK insurance broker. He is a director of many years' standing of both public and private companies involved in the retail, manufacturing and financial services sectors.

Denham Eke was appointed Non-executive Chairman in April 2003.

Ed Comins, aged 47

Managing Director

Ed Comins has 22 years' experience in the betting and gaming industry with Coral, Ladbroke Casinos, the Tote and GameAccount. At the Tote he had overall responsibility for developing Totepool's pari-mutuel business as General Manager of Tote Direct and Development Director for Totepool. He was Commercial Director for GameAccount, a provider of online skill games, where he managed betting partner relationships with key sportsbooks.

Ed Comins joined the Board in May 2010.

Nigel Caine, aged 46

Non-executive Director

Nigel Caine is currently the Chief Financial Officer for Burnbrae Group Limited. He is a Fellow of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and a Member of both the Chartered Institute of Securities and Investments and the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators. He also holds an MBA from the University of Wales. Nigel began his career in audit and transaction services with KPMG and Deloitte. Before joining Burnbrae Group Limited in 2014, Nigel was the Chief Financial Officer for Speymill Deutsche Immobilien Company Plc.

Nigel Caine joined the Board in June 2015.

Sir James Mellon, aged 87

Non-executive Director

Sir James Mellon is a former diplomat who began his career with the Department of Agriculture for Scotland before moving on to several varied roles including Head of Trade Relations and Export Dept (TRED); FCO; UK Ambassador to Denmark; Director-General for Trade and Investment, United States; and Consul-General, New York. He has many years of corporate experience having been a director of both public and private companies.

Sir James Mellon joined the Board in January 2012.

Webis Holdings plc

Directors' Report

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2016.

Principal activities

The Group operates:

- a pari-mutuel service to individual and business customers; and
- a racetrack under a licence issued in California, USA.

Business review

The Group operates on a worldwide basis and provides online and offline facilities in respect of a wide variety of pari-mutuel events.

A more detailed review of the business, its results and future developments is given in the Chairman's Statement on page 3.

Proposed dividend

The directors do not propose the payment of a dividend (2015: \$Nil).

Policy and practice on payment of creditors

It is the policy of the Group to agree appropriate terms and conditions for its transactions with suppliers by means of standard written terms to individually negotiated contracts. The Group seeks to ensure that payments are always made in accordance with these terms and conditions.

Directors' interests

At the year end there were 9 days (2015: 6 days) of purchases in trade creditors.

Financial risks

Details relating to financial risk management are shown in note 21 to the financial statements.

Directors and directors' interests

The directors who held office during the year and to date were as follows:

Denham Eke	Non-executive Chairman
Ed Comins	Managing Director
Nigel Caine	Non-executive Director
Sir James Mellon	Non-executive Director

The director retiring by rotation is Denham Eke who, being eligible, offers himself for re-election.

The directors who held office at the end of the year had the following interests in the ordinary shares of the Company and options to purchase such shares arising from incentive schemes:

	Ordinary shares		Options	
	Interest at end of year 2016	Interest at start of year 2015	Interest at end of year 2016	Interest at start of year 2015
Denham Eke	—	—	—	—
Ed Comins	—	—	14,000,000	—
Nigel Caine	—	—	—	—
Sir James Mellon	—	—	—	—

Denham Eke is Managing Director of Burnbrae Limited which holds 248,204,442 ordinary shares representing 63.10% of the issued capital of the Company.

Further details of the options issued to the executive directors are contained in the Report of the Remuneration Committee on pages 12 and 13.

Webis Holdings plc

Directors' Report continued

Substantial interests

On 1 August 2016, the following interests in 3% or more of the Company's ordinary share capital had been reported:

	%	Number of ordinary shares
Burnbrae Limited	63.10	248,204,442
BBHISL Nominees Ltd	7.54	29,651,666
Vidacos Nominees Limited	5.08	20,000,000

Annual General Meeting

Shareholders will be asked to approve at the Annual General Meeting certain resolutions as special business. Some of these resolutions have become routine business at the Annual General Meetings of most public companies, including your Company, and relate to the renewal of the authority for the directors to allot relevant securities and the renewal of the powers for the directors to allot equity securities for cash.

Employees

The Group is committed to a policy of equal opportunity in matters relating to employment, training and career development of employees, and is opposed to any form of less favourable treatment afforded on the grounds of disability, sex, race or religion.

The Group recognises the importance of ensuring employees are kept informed of the Group's performance, activities and future plans.

Political and charitable contributions

The Group made no political contributions during the year.

As part of the obligations of the pari-mutuel business in the United States, the Group made charitable contributions of \$29,899 during the year (2015: \$37,179).

Auditors

KPMG Audit LLC, being eligible, have expressed their willingness to continue in office in accordance with Section 12(2) of the Isle of Man Companies Act 1982.

On behalf of the Board

Ed Comins
Managing Director
28 November 2016

Webis Holdings plc

Corporate Governance

The Company is committed to high standards of corporate governance. The Board is accountable to the Company's shareholders for good corporate governance.

This statement describes how the principles of corporate governance are applied to the Company.

1. Directors

The Company is controlled through the Board of directors, which comprises one executive and three non-executive directors.

The non-executive Chairman is mainly responsible for the conduct of the Board, and he, together with the Managing Director, seeks to ensure that all directors receive sufficient relevant information on financial, business and corporate issues prior to meetings.

The Managing Director, in conjunction with his executive colleagues, is responsible for co-ordinating the Company's business and implementing strategy.

None of the non-executive directors are deemed to be independent, although the Board intends to appoint at least one independent director at an appropriate time.

Shareholders are encouraged to contact the non-executive Chairman should they require clarification on any aspect of the Company's business.

All directors are able to take independent professional advice in furtherance of their duties if necessary.

The Board has a formal schedule of matters reserved for it and meets at regular times throughout the year. It is responsible for overall Group strategy, acquisition and divestment policy, approval of major capital expenditure projects and consideration of significant financing matters. It monitors the exposure to key business risks, including legislative, jurisdictional and major liability management issues. The Board approves the annual budget and the progress towards achievement of the budget. The Board also considers employee issues and key appointments.

It also seeks to ensure that all directors receive appropriate training on appointment and then subsequently as appropriate. All directors will submit themselves for re-election at least once every three years.

The Board has established two standing committees, both of which operate within defined terms of reference.

The committees established are the Audit Committee and the Remuneration Committee. The Board does not consider it necessary for a company of its size to establish a standing Nominations Committee. Instead the Board's policy in relation to Board appointments is for the non-executive Chairman to agree selection criteria with all Board members and use independent recruitment consultants to initiate the search for candidates. The final decision on appointments rests with the full Board.

2. Directors' Remuneration

The Report of the Remuneration Committee is set out on pages 12 and 13 of the report and financial statements.

3. Relations with Shareholders

The Company encourages two-way communication with both its institutional and private investors and attempts to respond quickly to all queries received verbally or in writing.

The Board has sought to use the Annual General Meeting to communicate with private investors and encourages their participation.

4. Financial Reporting

The performance and financial position of the Group are provided in the Chairman's Statement on pages 3, 4 and 5 and the Directors' Report on pages 7 and 8. These enable the Board to present a balanced and understandable assessment of the Group's position and prospects. The directors' responsibilities for the financial statements are described on page 11.

Internal Control

The Board believes it has controls in place which have established an ongoing process for identifying, evaluating and managing the significant risks faced by the Group. In this regard, the Board seeks to work closely with the Group's auditors.

The Board also acknowledges that it has overall responsibility for reviewing the effectiveness of internal control. It believes that senior management within the Group's operating businesses should also contribute in a substantial way and this has been built into the process.

There are inherent limitations in any system of internal control and, accordingly, even the most effective system can provide only reasonable, and not absolute, assurance with respect to the preparation of financial information and the safeguarding of assets. The system adopted by the Board manages rather than eliminates the risk of failure to achieve business objectives.

Webis Holdings plc

Corporate Governance continued

Internal Control continued

In carrying out its review of the effectiveness of internal control in the Group, the Board takes into consideration the following key features of the risk management process and system of internal control:

- Risks are identified which are relevant to the Group as a whole and encompass all aspects of risk, including operational, compliance, financial and strategic. The Board specifically focuses on any risk to the Group from regulatory changes within the jurisdictions from which it currently accepts customers.
- The Board seeks to identify, monitor and control the significant risks to an acceptable level throughout the Group. In order to do so, the Audit Committee, acting on behalf of the Board, reviews risk matters at each meeting of the Audit Committee.
- The Group operates a comprehensive budgeting and financial reporting system which, as a matter of routine, compares actual results with budgets. Management accounts are prepared for each operating activity and the Group on a monthly basis. Material variances from budget are thoroughly investigated. In addition, the Group's profitability forecast is regularly updated based on actual performance as the year progresses. A thorough reforecast exercise is undertaken following production of the half-year financial statements.
- Cash flow forecasts are regularly prepared to ensure that the Group has adequate funds and resources for the foreseeable future.
- Risks are identified and appraised through the annual process of preparing these budgets.

- Steps have been taken to embed internal control and risk management into the operations of the business and to deal with areas of improvement which come to management's and the Board's attention. This process is continuing to increase risk awareness throughout the Group.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee comprises the non-executive directors and is chaired by Sir James Mellon. The committee acts in an advisory capacity to the Board and meets not less than twice a year. Its terms of reference require it to take an independent view of the appropriateness of the Group's accounting controls, policies and procedures. The committee also reviews and approves the reports, appointment and fees of the external auditors, and meets its external auditors at least once a year. Additional meetings may be requested by the auditors.

Going Concern

As more fully explained in note 1.1 to the financial statements on page 20, and after making enquiries, the directors have formed a judgement, at the time of approving the financial statements, that there is a reasonable expectation that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason, the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

Internal Audit

The directors have reviewed the need for an internal audit function and believe that the Group is not of sufficient size and complexity to require such a function.

Webis Holdings plc

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities in Respect of the Directors' Report and the Financial Statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare Group and Parent Company financial statements for each financial year which meet the requirements of Isle of Man company law. In addition, the directors have elected to prepare the Group and Parent Company financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union.

The Group and Parent Company financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and Parent Company and of the profit or loss of the Group for that year.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;

- state whether they have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Group and Parent Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Parent Company and to enable them to ensure that its financial statements comply with the Companies Acts 1931 to 2004. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the Company's website. Legislation governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from one jurisdiction to another.

Webis Holdings plc

Report of the Remuneration Committee

Introduction

As an Isle of Man company, there is no requirement to produce a directors' remuneration report. However, this report has been prepared to accord as far as possible with rules and regulations for UK public companies in relation to the disclosure of directors' remuneration. This report also attempts to meet, as far as is practicable for a company of Webis Holdings' size, the relevant requirements of the Listing Rules of the UK Financial Conduct Authority and describes how the Board has applied the Principles of Good Governance relating to directors' remuneration. As required by the Regulations, a resolution to approve the report will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting of the Company at which the financial statements will be approved.

Remuneration Committee

The Company has an established Remuneration Committee which has a formal constitution and is composed of the non-executive directors of the Company under the Chairmanship of Sir James Mellon.

No director plays a part in any discussion about his own remuneration.

Remuneration Policy

The Remuneration Committee's policy is to ensure that the remuneration packages offered are competitive and designed to attract, retain and motivate executive directors of the right calibre.

The major elements of the remuneration package for the executive directors are:

- o Basic annual salary and benefits.
- o Eligibility to participate in an annual bonus scheme, when such scheme operates.
- o Share option incentives.
- o Contribution to a pension plan.

Aggregate Directors' Remuneration

The total amounts for directors' remuneration were as follows:

	2016 US\$000	2015 US\$000
Emoluments — salaries, bonuses and taxable benefits	332	667
— fees	77	56
	409	723

The Committee seeks to ensure that bonus and share option incentives have a strong link with individual performance.

Basic Salary

The level of basic annual salary and benefits is determined by the Committee, taking into account the performance of the individual and information from independent sources on the rates of salary for similar jobs in comparable companies.

Annual Bonus Payments

It is anticipated that an annual bonus scheme will operate when Group profitability and cash flow allow. Bonuses for the executive directors are calculated with reference to the profit before tax as disclosed in the audited accounts of the Group, together with an assessment by the Committee of the director's performance against agreed personal targets. Bonus payments are not pensionable.

Share Options

The Committee believes that share ownership by executives strengthens the link between their personal interests and those of shareholders. Options are granted to executives periodically at the discretion of the Remuneration Committee. The grant of share options is not subject to fixed performance criteria. This is deemed to be appropriate as it allows the Committee to consider the performance of the Group and the contribution of the individual executives and, as with annual bonus payments, illustrates the relative importance placed on performance-related remuneration.

Pensions

The Group does not intend to contribute to the personal pension plans of directors in the forthcoming year.

Service Contracts

The service contract of Ed Comins provided for a notice period of six months.

Webis Holdings plc

Report of the Remuneration Committee continued

Directors' Emoluments

	Basic salary US\$000	Fees US\$000	Bonus US\$000	Termination payments US\$000	Benefits US\$000	2016 Total US\$000	2015 Total US\$000
Executive							
Ed Comins	307	—	—	—	25	332	299
Garry Knowles	—	—	—	—	—	—	368
Non-executive							
Denham Eke*	—	30	—	—	—	30	32
Nigel Caine*	—	24	—	—	—	24	—
Sir James Mellon	—	23	—	—	—	23	24
Aggregate emoluments	307	77	—	—	25	409	723

* Paid to Burnbrae Limited.

Details of the options outstanding at 31 May 2016 are as follows:

Name of director	31 May 2015	Granted / (lapsed) in year	31 May 2016	Exercise price	Date from which exercisable	Expiry date
Ed Comins						
2016 Share Option Plan	—	14,000,000	14,000,000	1p	3 March 2019	3 March 2026
	—	14,000,000	14,000,000			

The market price of the shares at 31 May 2016 was 1.80p. The range during the year was 2.50p to 0.45p.

Approval

The report was approved by the Board of directors and signed on behalf of the Board.

Denham Eke
Non-executive Chairman
28 November 2016

Webis Holdings plc

Report of the Independent Auditors, KPMG Audit LLC, to the members of Webis Holdings plc

We have audited the financial statements of Webis Holdings plc for the year ended 31 May 2016 which comprise the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Consolidated and Parent Company Statements of Financial Position, the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows, the Consolidated and Parent Company Statements of Changes in Equity and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union.

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 15 of the Companies Act 1982. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of Directors and Auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page 11, the directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit, and express an opinion on, the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Group's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Directors' Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on the financial statements

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- o give a true and fair view of the state of the Group's and Parent Company's affairs as at 31 May 2016 and of the Group's loss for the year then ended;
- o have been properly prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the European Union; and
- o have been properly prepared in accordance with the provisions of Companies Acts 1931 to 2004.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Acts 1931 to 2004 require us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- o proper books of account have not been kept by the Parent Company and proper returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- o the Parent Company's statement of financial position and statement of comprehensive income are not in agreement with the books of account and returns; or
- o certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- o we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

KPMG Audit LLC
Chartered Accountants
Heritage Court, 41 Athol Street
Douglas, Isle of Man, IM99 1HN
29 November 2016

Webis Holdings plc

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the year ended 31 May 2016

	Note	2016 US\$000	2015 US\$000
Continuing operations			
Turnover	2	224,313	154,411
Cost of sales		(219,826)	(149,978)
Betting duty paid		(393)	(203)
Gross profit		4,094	4,230
Operating costs		(5,042)	(5,037)
Operating loss	3	(948)	(807)
Other losses – net		(50)	(415)
Re-organisational costs, impairments and one-off costs		(231)	(346)
Finance income	4	—	5
Finance costs	4	(1)	—
Finance (costs)/income - net		(1)	5
Loss before income tax		(1,230)	(1,563)
Income tax expense	6	—	—
Loss from continuing operations		(1,230)	(1,563)
Discontinued operations			
Loss from discontinued operations	7	(12)	(432)
Loss for the year		(1,242)	(1,995)
Other comprehensive income:			
Items that may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss:			
Currency translation differences on disposal of foreign subsidiaries		—	(4)
Other comprehensive income for the year		—	(4)
Total comprehensive income for the year		(1,242)	(1,999)
Basic earnings per share for loss attributable to the equity holders of the Company during the year (cents) – all operations	8	(0.32)	(0.51)
Diluted earnings per share for loss attributable to the equity holders of the Company during the year (cents) – all operations	8	(0.31)	(0.51)
Basic and diluted earnings per share for loss attributable to the equity holders of the Company during the year (cents) – continuing operations	8	(0.31)	(0.40)

The notes on pages 19 to 35 form part of these financial statements.

Webis Holdings plc

Statements of Financial Position

As at 31 May 2016

	Note	31.05.16 Group US\$000	31.05.16 Company US\$000	31.05.15 Group US\$000	31.05.15 Company US\$000
Non-current assets					
Intangible assets	9	113	—	170	—
Property, equipment and motor vehicles	10	160	4	118	11
Investments	11	—	3	—	3
Bonds and deposits	12	105	—	204	—
Total non-current assets		378	7	492	14
Current assets					
Bonds and deposits	12	2,499	—	2,441	—
Trade and other receivables	14	2,671	37	2,579	41
Cash and cash equivalents	13	6,445	4,974	6,103	2,838
Total current assets		11,615	5,011	11,123	2,879
Total assets		11,993	5,018	11,615	2,893
Equity					
Called up share capital	16	6,334	6,334	6,334	6,334
Share option reserve	16	—	—	—	—
Retained losses		(4,402)	(5,352)	(3,160)	(5,119)
Total equity		1,932	982	3,174	1,215
Current liabilities					
Trade and other payables	15	10,061	4,036	8,441	1,678
Total current liabilities		10,061	4,036	8,441	1,678
Total liabilities		10,061	4,036	8,441	1,678
Total equity and liabilities		11,993	5,018	11,615	2,893

The financial statements were approved by the Board of directors on 28 November 2016

Denham Eke

Non-executive Chairman

Ed Comins

Managing Director

The notes on pages 19 to 35 form part of these financial statements.

Webis Holdings plc

Statements of Changes in Equity

For the year ended 31 May 2016

Group	Called up share capital US\$000	Share premium US\$000	Share option reserve US\$000	Foreign currency translation reserve US\$000	Retained earnings US\$000	Total equity US\$000
Balance as at 31 May 2014	6,334	16,978	156	(4)	(18,295)	5,169
Total comprehensive income for the period:						
Loss for the year	—	—	—	—	(1,999)	(1,999)
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	4	—	4
Transactions with owners:						
Cancellation of share premium account	—	(16,978)	—	—	16,978	—
Share-based payment credit	—	—	(156)	—	156	—
Balance as at 31 May 2015	6,334	—	—	—	(3,160)	3,174
Total comprehensive income for the year:						
Loss for the year	—	—	—	—	(1,242)	(1,242)
Transactions with owners:						
Share-based payment credit	—	—	—	—	—	—
Balance as at 31 May 2016	6,334	—	—	—	(4,402)	1,932

Company	Called up share capital US\$000	Share premium US\$000	Share option reserve US\$000	Foreign currency translation reserve US\$000	Retained earnings US\$000	Total equity US\$000
Balance as at 31 May 2014	6,334	16,978	156	—	(19,508)	3,960
Total comprehensive income for the period:						
Loss for the year	—	—	—	—	(2,745)	(2,745)
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	—	—	—
Transactions with owners:						
Cancellation of share premium account	—	(16,978)	—	—	16,978	—
Share-based payment credit	—	—	(156)	—	156	—
Balance as at 31 May 2015	6,334	—	—	—	(5,119)	1,215
Total comprehensive income for the year:						
Loss for the year	—	—	—	—	(233)	(233)
Transactions with owners:						
Share-based payment credit	—	—	—	—	—	—
Balance as at 31 May 2016	6,334	—	—	—	(5,352)	982

The notes on pages 19 to 35 form part of these financial statements.

Webis Holdings plc

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 May 2016

	2016 US\$000	2015 US\$000
Cash flows from operating activities		
Loss before income tax	(1,242)	(1,995)
Adjustments for:		
- Depreciation of property, equipment and motor vehicles	74	81
- Amortisation of intangible assets	107	147
- Finance costs/(income) - net	1	(8)
- Foreign exchange losses on exchange movements	143	450
- Goodwill impaired	—	177
Changes in working capital:		
- Increase in receivables	(92)	(254)
- Increase in payables	1,620	479
Cash flows from/(used in) operations	611	(923)
Finance income	—	10
Bonds and deposits placed in the course of operations	41	(643)
Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities	652	(1,556)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of intangible assets	(51)	(77)
Purchase of property, equipment and motor vehicles	(118)	(57)
Disposal of property, equipment and motor vehicles	—	4
Cost of closure of discontinued operation	(12)	(253)
Net cash used in investing activities	(181)	(383)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Interest paid	(1)	(2)
Loans repaid	—	(17)
Net cash used in financing activities	(1)	(19)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	470	(1,958)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	6,103	8,402
Exchange losses on cash and cash equivalents	(128)	(341)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	6,445	6,103

The notes on pages 19 to 35 form part of these financial statements.

Webis Holdings plc

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 May 2016

1 Reporting entity (“the company”)

Webis Holdings plc is a company domiciled in the Isle of Man. The address of the Company’s registered office is Viking House, Nelson Street, Douglas, Isle of Man, IM1 2AH. The Group’s consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 May 2016 consolidate those of the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as “the Group”).

1.1 Basis of preparation

(a) Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) and its interpretations as adopted by the European Union.

Standards and interpretations not yet effective

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are not yet effective for the year, and have not been applied in preparing these consolidated financial statements:

New/revised International Accounting Standards/International Financial Reporting Standards (IAS/IFRS)	Effective date (accounting periods commencing on or after)
<i>IFRS 14 Regulatory Deferral Accounts</i>	1 January 2016
<i>Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations (Amendments to IFRS 11)</i>	1 January 2016
<i>Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation (Amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 38)</i>	1 January 2016
<i>Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements (Amendments to IAS 27)</i>	1 January 2016
<i>Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture (Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28)</i>	1 January 2016
<i>Annual Improvements to IFRS 2012 – 2014 Cycle – various standards</i>	1 January 2016
<i>Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception (Amendments to IFRS 10, IFRS 12 and IAS 28)</i>	1 January 2016
<i>Disclosure Initiative (Amendments to IAS 1)</i>	1 January 2016
<i>IFRS 9 Financial Instruments</i>	1 January 2018

The Directors do not expect the adoption of the standards and interpretations to have a material impact on the Group’s financial statements in the period of initial application.

There has been no material impact on the Group financial statements of new standards/interpretations that have come into effect during the current reporting period.

Functional and presentational currency

These financial statements are presented in US Dollars which is the Group’s primary functional currency and its presentational currency. Financial information presented in US Dollars has been rounded to the nearest thousand. All continued operations of the Group have US Dollars as their functional currency.

(b) Basis of measurement

The Group consolidated financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention except where assets and liabilities are required to be stated at their fair value.

(c) Use of estimates and judgement

The preparation of the Group financial statements in conformity with IFRS as adopted by the EU requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. Although these estimates are based on management’s best knowledge and experience of current events and expected economic conditions, actual results may differ from these estimates.

The directors believe the models and assumptions used to calculate the fair value of the share-based payments, outlined in note 16, are the most appropriate for the Group.

The directors consider the only critical judgement area to be the valuation of share options, as disclosed in note 16.

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these consolidated financial statements.

Webis Holdings plc

Notes to the Financial Statements continued

1.1 Basis of preparation continued

Going concern

As noted within the Chairman's Statement, the Group has experienced a tightening of margins and an increase in costs during the year, which has resulted in continuing losses being incurred. Achieving economies of scale and controlling costs are key priorities for the Group in achieving its goal of profitability and maintaining adequate liquidity in order to continue its operations. The Directors continue to assess all strategic options in this regard, albeit that the ultimate success of strategies adopted is difficult to predict. Notwithstanding the losses incurred, the directors have prepared projected cash flow information for the next 12 months and believe that the Group has adequate resources to meet its obligations as they fall due. Accordingly, the directors consider that it is appropriate that the financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis.

1.2 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented unless otherwise stated.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the results of Webis Holdings plc and its subsidiaries ("the Group"). Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue until the date that such control ceases. Control exists when the Group has the power, directly or indirectly, to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

The Group applies the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair values of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between the Group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated. When necessary amounts reported by subsidiaries have been adjusted to conform with the Group's accounting policies.

Foreign currency translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ('the functional currency'). The consolidated financial statements are presented in US Dollars, which is also the Group's functional currency.

(b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the income statement, except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges and qualifying net investment hedges. Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the income statement within 'finance income or costs'. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the income statement within 'Other losses – net'.

(c) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the Group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyper-inflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (i) assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- (ii) income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the rate on the dates of the transactions); and
- (iii) all resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate. Exchange differences arising are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Revenue recognition and turnover

Turnover represents the amounts staked in respect of bets placed by customers on events which occurred during the year. Cost of sales represents payouts to customers, together with betting duty payable and commissions and royalties payable to agents and suppliers of software. Open betting positions are carried at fair market value.

Webis Holdings plc

Notes to the Financial Statements continued

1.2 Summary of significant accounting policies continued

Segmental reporting

Segmental reporting is based on the business areas in accordance with the Group's internal reporting structure. The Group determines and presents segments based on the information that internally is provided to the Managing Director, the Group's chief operating decision maker.

An operating segment is a component of the Group and engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses. An operating segment's operating results are reviewed regularly by the Managing Director to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Current and deferred income tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the income statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date in the countries where the Group operates and generates taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred income tax is recognised on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill; deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred income tax liabilities are provided on taxable temporary differences arising from investments in subsidiaries except for deferred income tax liability, where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Only where there is an agreement in place that gives the Group the ability to control the reversal of the temporary difference is the liability not recognised.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised on deductible temporary differences arising from investments in subsidiaries only to the extent that it is probable the temporary difference will reverse in the future and there is sufficient taxable profit available against which the temporary difference can be utilised.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes, assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

Discontinued operation

A discontinued operation is a component of the Group's business, the operations and cash flows of which can be clearly distinguished from the rest of the Group and which:

- represents a separate major line of business or geographic area of operations; and
- is part of a single co-ordinated plan to dispose, or discontinue, a separate major line of business or geographic area of operations.

Classification as a discontinued operation occurs at the earlier of disposal, permanent cessation of activities or when the operation meets the criteria to be classified as held-for-sale.

When an operation is classified as a discontinued operation, the comparative statement of profit or loss and OCI is re-presented as if the operation had been discontinued from the start of the comparative year.

Webis Holdings plc

Notes to the Financial Statements continued

1.2 Summary of significant accounting policies continued

Intangible assets — goodwill

Goodwill arises on the acquisition of subsidiaries and represents the excess of the consideration transferred over the Group's interest in net fair value of the net identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the acquiree and the fair value of the non-controlling interest in the acquiree.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to each of the cash-generating units ("CGUs"), or groups of CGUs, that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination. Each unit or group of units to which the goodwill is allocated represents the lowest level within the entity at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes. Goodwill is monitored at the operating segment level.

Goodwill impairment reviews are undertaken annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate a potential impairment. The carrying value of goodwill is compared to the recoverable amount, which is the higher of value in use and the fair value less costs of disposal. Any impairment is recognised immediately as an expense and is not subsequently reversed.

Intangible assets — other

(a) Trademarks and licences

Separately acquired trademarks and licences are shown at historical cost. Trademarks and licences acquired in a business combination are recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Trademarks and licences have a finite useful life and are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation. Amortisation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate the cost of trademarks and licences over their estimated useful lives of three years.

Acquired computer software licences are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. These costs are amortised over their estimated useful lives of three years.

(b) Website design and development costs

Costs associated with maintaining websites are recognised as an expense as incurred. Development costs that are directly attributable to the design and testing of identifiable and unique websites controlled by the Group are recognised as intangible assets when the following criteria are met:

- it is technically feasible to complete the website so that it will be available for use;
- management intends to complete the website and use it;
- there is an ability to use the website;
- it can be demonstrated how the website will generate probable future economic benefits;
- adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use the website are available; and
- the expenditure attributable to the website during its development can be reliably measured.

Directly attributable costs that are capitalised as part of the website include the website employee costs and an appropriate portion of relevant overheads.

Other development expenditures that do not meet these criteria are recognised as an expense as incurred. Development costs previously recognised as an expense are not recognised as an asset in a subsequent period.

Website development costs recognised as assets are amortised over their estimated useful lives, which do not exceed three years.

Property, equipment and motor vehicles

Items of property, equipment and motor vehicles are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation (see below) and impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the financial position date. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate the cost of property, equipment and motor vehicles over their estimated useful lives of three years.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised within 'Other (losses)/gains – net' in the income statement.

Webis Holdings plc

Notes to the Financial Statements continued

1.2 Summary of significant accounting policies continued

Impairment of assets

Goodwill arising on acquisitions and other assets that have an indefinite useful life and are not subject to amortisation are reviewed at least annually for impairment.

Other intangible assets, property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the carrying amount of the asset may not be recoverable. If the recoverable amount of an asset is less than its carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised. Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

If at the financial position date there is any indication that an impairment loss is recognised in prior periods for an asset other than goodwill that no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed and the asset is reflected at the recoverable amount.

Share-based payments

The Group operates an equity-settled, share-based compensation plan, under which the entity receives services from employees as consideration for equity instruments (options) of the Group. The fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of the options is recognised as an expense. The total amount to be expensed is determined by reference to the fair value of the options granted:

- including any market performance conditions (for example, an entity's share price); and
- excluding the impact of any service and non-market performance vesting conditions (for example, profitability, sales growth targets and remaining an employee of the entity over a specified time period).

Non-market performance and service conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options that are expected to vest. The total expense is recognised over the vesting period, which is the period over which all of the specified vesting conditions are to be satisfied.

At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to vest based on the non-market vesting conditions. It recognises the impact of the revision to original estimates, if any, in the income statement, with a corresponding adjustment to equity.

When the options are exercised, the Company issues new shares. The proceeds received net of any directly attributable transaction costs are credited to share capital (nominal value) and share premium.

Leases

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease. The Group is not party to any leases that are classified as finance leases.

Equity

Share capital is determined using the nominal value of shares that have been issued.

The share premium account includes any premiums received on the initial issuing of the share capital. Any transaction costs associated with the issuing of shares are deducted from the premium paid.

Equity settled share-based employee remuneration is credited to the share option reserve until related stock options are exercised. On exercise or lapse, amounts recognised in the share option reserve are taken to retained earnings.

Retained earnings include all current and prior period results as determined in the income statement and any other gains or losses recognised in the Statement of Changes in Equity.

Financial instruments

Non-derivative financial instruments include trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents, loans and borrowings and trade and other payables. Ante-post sports bets are recognised when the Company becomes party to the contractual agreements of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised on the Group's balance sheet when the Group becomes party to the contractual terms of the instrument. Transaction costs are included in the initial measurement of financial instruments, except financial instruments classified as at fair value through profit and loss. The subsequent measurement of financial instruments is dealt with below. The carrying value of all financial instruments is deemed to equate to their fair value.

Webis Holdings plc

Notes to the Financial Statements continued

1.2 Summary of significant accounting policies continued

Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are defined as cash in bank and in hand as well as bank deposits, money held for processors and cash balances held on behalf of players. Cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes.

Bank borrowings

Interest-bearing bank borrowings and overdrafts are recorded at the proceeds received net of direct issue costs. Finance charges, including premiums payable on settlement or redemption and direct issue costs are charged on an accrual basis using the effective interest method and are added to the carrying amount of the instrument to the extent they are not settled in the period in which they arise.

Trade and other payables

Trade payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Open sports bets

The Group may have at any point in time, an exposure on open sports bets. These bets meet the definition of a financial liability under International Accounting Standard 32 Financial Instruments: Disclosure and Presentation, and therefore are recorded at fair value.

Employee benefits

(a) Pension obligations

The Group does not operate any post-employment schemes, including both defined benefit and defined contribution pension plans.

(b) Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits, such as salaries, paid absences, and other benefits, are accounted for on an accruals basis over the period in which employees have provided services in the year. All expenses related to employee benefits are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income in operating costs.

(c) Profit sharing and bonus plans

The Group recognises a liability and an expense for bonuses and profit sharing, based on a formula that takes into consideration the profit attributable to the Company's shareholders after certain adjustments. The Group recognises a provision where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

2 Segmental analysis

		2016 US\$000	2015 US\$000
Turnover			
Pari-mutuel and Racetrack Operations	Asia Pacific	130,777	17,128
	United States	81,273	124,312
	Europe	7,353	1,962
	British Isles	4,910	11,009
		224,313	154,411
Total comprehensive income – continuing operations			
Pari-mutuel and Racetrack Operations		(1,071)	(1,065)
Group		(159)	(498)
		(1,230)	(1,563)

Webis Holdings plc

Notes to the Financial Statements continued

2 Segmental analysis continued

	2016 US\$000	2015 US\$000
Net assets		
Pari-mutuel and Racetrack Operations	843	1,915
Group	1,089	1,259
	1,932	3,174

3 Operating loss

Operating loss is stated after charging:	2016 US\$000	2015 US\$000
Auditors' remuneration — audit	80	102
Depreciation of property, equipment and motor vehicles	74	37
Amortisation of intangible assets	107	93
Exchange losses	50	416
Operating lease rentals — other than plant, equipment and Harness Racetrack	16	70
Operating lease rentals — Harness Racetrack	94	110
Directors' fees	77	56

4 Finance (costs)/income - net

	2016 US\$000	2015 US\$000
Bank interest receivable	–	5
Finance income	–	5
Bank interest payable	–	–
Loan interest payable	(1)	–
Finance costs	(1)	–
Finance (costs)/income - net	(1)	5

5 Staff numbers and cost

	2016	2015
Average number of employees – Pari-mutuel and Racetrack Operations	58	63

The aggregate payroll costs of these persons were as follows:

	2016 US\$000	2015 US\$000
Pari-mutuel and Racetrack Operations		
Wages and salaries	1,871	1,832
Social security costs	135	152
	2,006	1,984

Webis Holdings plc

Notes to the Financial Statements continued

6 Income tax expense

	2016 US\$000	2015 US\$000
Loss before tax	(1,242)	(1,995)
Tax charge at IOM standard rate (0%)	–	–
Adjusted for:		
Tax credit for US tax losses (at 15%)	(161)	(164)
Add back deferred tax losses not recognised	161	164
Tax charge for the year	–	–

The maximum deferred tax asset that could be recognised at year end is US\$485,000 (2015: US\$324,000). The Group has not recognised any asset.

7 Discontinued operations

In March 2015, the Group ceased its Sportsbook and Casino operations due to regulatory changes in its primary geographical market that would have affected its ability to remain competitive and profitable.

The comparative Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income shows the discontinued operation separately from continuing operations.

(a) Results of discontinued operations

	2016 US\$000	2015 US\$000
Turnover	–	121,577
Expenses	(12)	(121,923)
Results from operating activities	(12)	(346)
Fixed assets written off	–	(86)
Other comprehensive income:		
Currency translation differences on closure of foreign subsidiaries	–	(4)
Loss for the year	(12)	(436)

The loss from the discontinued operations of US\$12,000 (2015: loss of US\$436,000) is attributable entirely to the owners of the Company. The loss from continuing operations of US\$1,230,000 (2015: loss of US\$1,407,000) is also attributable entirely to the owners of the Company.

(b) Cash flows (used in)/from discontinued operations

	2016 US\$000	2015 US\$000
Net cash used in operating activities	(12)	(336)
Net cash used in investing activities	–	(2)
Net cash flow for the year	(12)	(338)

Webis Holdings plc

Notes to the Financial Statements continued

7 Discontinued operations continued

(c) Effect of discontinued operations on the financial position of the Group

	2016 US\$000	2015 US\$000
Closure costs paid from Group funds	(12)	(253)
Net liabilities	(12)	(253)
Cash and cash equivalents disposed of	–	–
Net cash outflow	(12)	(253)

The above represents costs met by Group in relation to the administration costs of the discontinued operations at the year end.

8 Earnings per ordinary share

The calculation of the basic earnings per share is based on the earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders divided by the weighted average number of shares in issue during the year.

The calculation of diluted earnings per share is based on the basic earnings per share, adjusted to allow for the issue of shares, on the assumed conversion of all dilutive share options.

An adjustment for the dilutive effect of share options and convertible debt in the previous period has not been reflected in the calculation of the diluted loss per share, as the effect would have been anti-dilutive.

	2016 US\$000	2015 US\$000
Loss for the year – all operations	(1,242)	(1,995)
Loss for the year – continuing operations	(1,230)	(1,563)
Loss for the year – discontinued operations	(12)	(432)

	No.	No.
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue	393,338,310	393,338,310
Diluted number of ordinary shares	397,874,810	393,338,310
Basic earnings per share – all operations	(0.32)	(0.51)
Diluted earnings per share – all operations	(0.31)	(0.51)
Basic and diluted earnings per share – continuing operations	(0.31)	(0.40)
Basic earnings per share – discontinued operations	(0.01)	(0.11)

Webis Holdings plc

Notes to the Financial Statements continued

9 Intangible assets

	Software & development costs			Total	
	Goodwill				
	Group US\$000	Group US\$000	Company US\$000	Group US\$000	Company US\$000
Cost					
Balance at 31 May 2015	177	1,246	50	1,423	50
Additions during the year	–	51	–	51	–
Currency translation differences	–	(1)	–	(1)	–
Balance at 31 May 2016	177	1,296	50	1,473	50
Amortisation and Impairment					
At 31 May 2015	177	1,076	50	1,253	50
Amortisation for the year	–	107	–	107	–
Impairment of goodwill	–	–	–	–	–
At 31 May 2016	177	1,183	50	1,360	50
Net book value					
At 31 May 2016	–	113	–	113	–
At 31 May 2015	–	170	–	170	–

The goodwill balance brought forward relates to the historical acquisition of subsidiary businesses. The goodwill balances were fully impaired during the year ended 31 May 2015. The Group tests intangible assets annually for impairment or more frequently if there are indications that the intangible assets may be impaired (see note 1).

10 Property, equipment and motor vehicles

Group	Computer	Fixtures, Fittings & Track	Motor	Total
	Equipment US\$000	Equipment US\$000	Vehicles US\$000	
Cost				
At 31 May 2015	573	454	47	1,074
Additions during the year	11	107	–	118
Currency translation differences	(2)	–	–	(2)
At 31 May 2016	582	561	47	1,190
Depreciation				
At 31 May 2015	522	423	11	956
Charge for the year	13	51	10	74
At 31 May 2016	535	474	21	1,030
Net book value				
At 31 May 2016	47	87	26	160
At 31 May 2015	51	31	36	118

Webis Holdings plc

Notes to the Financial Statements continued

10 Property, equipment and motor vehicles continued

Company	Computer Equipment US\$000	Fixtures & Fittings US\$000	Total US\$000
Cost			
At 31 May 2015	401	141	542
Additions	–	–	–
Disposals	–	–	–
At 31 May 2016	401	141	542
Depreciation			
At 31 May 2015	401	130	531
Charge for the year	–	7	7
At 31 May 2016	401	137	538
Net book value			
At 31 May 2016	–	4	4
At 31 May 2015	–	11	11

11 Investments

Investments in subsidiaries are held at cost. Details of investments at 31 May 2016 are as follows:

Subsidiaries	Country of incorporation	Activity	Holding (%)
WatchandWager.com Limited	Isle of Man	Operation of interactive wagering totaliser hub	100
WatchandWager.com LLC	United States of America	Operation of interactive wagering totaliser hub and harness racetrack	100
Technical Facilities & Services Limited	Isle of Man	Dormant	100
betinternet.com (IOM) Limited	Isle of Man	Dormant	100
betinternet.com NV	Netherlands Antilles	Dormant	100
B.E. Global Services Limited	Isle of Man	Dormant	100

Webis Holdings plc

Notes to the Financial Statements continued

12 Bonds and deposits

	Group		Company	
	2016 US\$000	2015 US\$000	2016 US\$000	2015 US\$000
Bonds and deposits which expire within one year	2,499	2,441	–	–
Bonds and deposits which expire within one to two years	–	–	–	–
Bonds and deposits which expire within two to five years	105	204	–	–
	2,604	2,645	–	–

A rent deposit of US\$200,000 was paid to California Exposition & State Fair in 2012. This was reduced to US\$100,000 in the current year and is for a term of 5 years (2015: US\$200,000). US\$500,000 has been paid as a bond in relation to WatchandWager's Californian ADW licence (2015: US\$500,000). Rent and security deposits of US\$69,462 have been paid in relation to security deposits (2015: US\$7,685). An annually renewable insurance bond of US\$2,000 is also in place.

Under the terms of the licencing agreement with the Hong Kong Jockey Club the Company is required to hold a retention amount of US\$1,932,019 / HK\$15,000,000 (2015: US\$1,935,685 / HK\$15,000,000).

13 Cash and cash equivalents

	Group		Company	
	2016 US\$000	2015 US\$000	2016 US\$000	2015 US\$000
Cash and cash equivalents – company and other funds	5,538	4,691	4,067	1,426
Cash and cash equivalents – protected player funds	907	1,412	907	1,412
Total cash and cash equivalents	6,445	6,103	4,974	2,838

The Group holds funds for operational requirements and for its non-Isle of Man customers, shown as 'company and other funds' and on behalf of its Isle of Man regulated customers, shown as 'protected player funds'.

Protected player funds are held in fully protected client accounts within an Isle of Man regulated bank.

14 Trade and other receivables

	Group		Company	
	2016 US\$000	2015 US\$000	2016 US\$000	2015 US\$000
Trade receivables	1,546	1,111	–	–
Other receivables and prepayments	1,125	1,468	37	41
	2,671	2,579	37	41

Webis Holdings plc

Notes to the Financial Statements continued

15 Trade and other payables

	Group		Company	
	2016 US\$000	2015 US\$000	2016 US\$000	2015 US\$000
Trade payables	9,724	7,678	15	21
Amounts due to Group undertakings	–	–	3,994	1,509
Open sports bets	–	1	–	–
Taxes and national insurance	52	72	2	–
Accruals and other payables	285	690	25	148
	10,061	8,441	4,036	1,678

Amounts due to Group undertakings are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand. Included within trade payables are amounts due to customers of US\$9,656,431 (2015: US\$7,591,139).

16 Share capital

	No.	2016 US\$000	2015 US\$000
Allotted, issued and fully paid			
At beginning and close of year: ordinary shares of 1p each	393,338,310	6,334	6,334
At 31 May: ordinary shares of 1p each	393,338,310	6,334	6,334

The authorised share capital of the Company is US\$9,619,000 divided into 600,000,000 ordinary shares of £0.01 each.

Options

Movements in share options during the year ended 31 May 2016 were as follows:

	No.
At 31 May 2015 – 1p ordinary shares	–
Options granted	14,000,000
Options lapsed	–
Options exercised	–
At 31 May 2016 – 1p ordinary shares	14,000,000

During the year the Group established an equity-settled share based option program. The fair value of options granted is recognised as an expense, with a corresponding increase in equity. The fair value is measured at grant date using a Black-Scholes model and is spread over the vesting period. The amount recognised in equity is adjusted to reflect the actual number of share options which are expected to vest.

The options were issued on 3 March 2016 to Ed Comins, Managing Director of the Group. The fair value of each option on the grant date was estimated as being £0.0022. The options are able to be exercised from 3 March 2019 and expire on 2 March 2026. The weighted average exercise price of all options is £0.01.

The charge for share options recorded in profit and loss for the year was US\$457 (2015: credit of US\$156,000).

Webis Holdings plc

Notes to the Financial Statements continued

17 Open sports bets liabilities

Due to the closure of the sportsbook operations in 2015, the Group is no longer exposed to open sports bets liabilities. This related to stakes that could be received from a customer in respect of some event happening in the future, and hence the level of any actual liability to the Group could not be assessed until after that event had occurred, although the maximum potential liability could be determined. Therefore, as at the financial position date, there were US\$Nil (2015: US\$1,157) of such stakes that had been received where the event to which they related was after the financial position date. Accordingly, such amounts had been reflected as open sports bets in the Statements of Financial Position (see note 15).

The maximum possible liability on open sports bets was US\$Nil (2015: US\$0.007m).

18 Capital commitments

As at 31 May 2016, the Group had no capital commitments (2015: US\$Nil).

19 Operating lease commitments

At 31 May 2016, the Group was committed to future minimum lease payments of:

	2016 US\$000	2015 US\$000
Payments due within one year	86	119
Payments due between one to five years	345	102
Payments due beyond five years	86	–

20 Related party transactions

Identity of related parties

The Group has a related party relationship with its subsidiaries (see note 11), and with its directors and executive officers and with Burnbrae Ltd (significant shareholder).

Transactions with and between subsidiaries

Transactions with and between the subsidiaries in the Group, which have been eliminated on consolidation, are considered to be related party transactions.

Transactions with entities with significant influence over the Group

Rental and service charges of US\$60,038 (2015: US\$56,293) and directors' fees of US\$54,002 (2015: US\$31,890) were charged in the year by Burnbrae Limited, of which Denham Eke and Nigel Caine are common directors.

Transactions with key management personnel

The total amounts for directors' remuneration were as follows:

	2016 US\$000	2015 US\$000
Emoluments — salaries, bonuses and taxable benefits	332	667
— fees	77	56
	409	723

Directors' fees of US\$54,002 were paid to Burnbrae Ltd (2015: US\$31,890). Details of share options issued in the year can be seen in note 16.

Webis Holdings plc

Notes to the Financial Statements continued

21 Financial risk management

Capital structure

The Group's capital structure is as follows:

	2016 US\$000	2015 US\$000
Cash and cash equivalents	6,445	6,103
Loans and similar income	–	–
Net funds	6,445	6,103
Shareholders' equity	(1,932)	(3,174)
Capital employed	4,513	2,929

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables and payables that arise directly from its operations. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to finance the Group's operations. The existence of the financial instruments exposes the Group to a number of financial risks, which are described in more detail below.

The principal risks which the Group is exposed to relate to liquidity risks, credit risks and foreign exchange risks.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will be unable to meet its financial obligations as they fall due.

The Group's objective is to maintain continuity of funding through trading and share issues but to also retain flexibility through the use of short-term loans if required.

Management controls and monitors the Group's cash flow on a regular basis, including forecasting future cash flow. Banking facilities are kept under review to ensure they meet the Group's requirements. Funds equivalent to customer balances are held in designated bank accounts where applicable to ensure that Isle of Man Gambling Supervision Commission player protection principles are met. The directors anticipate that the business will continue to generate sufficient cash flow in the forthcoming period to meet its financial obligations.

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities:

2016

Financial liabilities

	Carrying amount US\$000	Contractual cash flow US\$000	6 months or less US\$000	Up to 1 year US\$000	1–5 years US\$000
Trade creditors	9,724	(9,724)	(9,724)	–	–
Income tax and national insurance	52	(52)	(52)	–	–
Other creditors	35	(35)	(35)	–	–
	9,811	(9,811)	(9,811)	–	–

2015

Financial liabilities

	Carrying amount US\$000	Contractual cash flow US\$000	6 months or less US\$000	Up to 1 year US\$000	1–5 years US\$000
Trade creditors	7,678	(7,678)	(7,678)	–	–
Income tax and national insurance	72	(72)	(72)	–	–
Other creditors	295	(295)	(295)	–	–
	8,045	(8,045)	(8,045)	–	–

Webis Holdings plc

Notes to the Financial Statements continued

21 Financial risk management continued

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation.

Classes of financial assets — carrying amounts

	2016 US\$000	2015 US\$000
Cash and cash equivalents	6,445	6,103
Bonds and deposits	2,604	2,645
Trade and other receivables	2,551	2,443
	11,600	11,191

Generally, the maximum credit risk exposure of financial assets is the carrying amount of the financial assets as shown on the face of the balance sheet (or in the notes to the financial statements). Credit risk, therefore, is only disclosed in circumstances where the maximum potential loss differs significantly from the financial asset's carrying amount.

The maximum exposure to credit risks for receivables in any business segment:

	2016 US\$000	2015 US\$000
Pari-mutuel	2,549	2,304
	2,549	2,304

Of the above receivables, US\$1,546,000 (2015: US\$1,111,000) relates to amounts owed from racing tracks. These receivables are actively monitored to avoid significant concentration of credit risk and the directors consider there to be no significant concentration of credit risk.

The directors consider that all the above financial assets that are not impaired for each of the reporting dates under review are of good credit quality. No amounts were considered past due at the year end (2015: US\$Nil).

The credit risk for liquid funds and other short-term financial assets is considered negligible, since the counterparties are reputable banks with high-quality external credit ratings.

Interest rate risk

The Group finances its operations mainly through capital with limited levels of borrowings. Cash at bank and in hand earns negligible interest at floating rates, based principally on short-term interbank rates.

Any movement in interest rates would not be considered to have any significant impact on net assets at the balance sheet date.

Foreign currency risks

The Group operates internationally and is subject to transactional foreign currency exposures, primarily with respect to Pound Sterling, Swedish Krona, Hong Kong Dollar and Singapore Dollar.

The Group does not actively manage the exposures but regularly monitors the Group's currency position and exchange rate movements and makes decisions as appropriate.

Webis Holdings plc

Notes to the Financial Statements continued

21 Financial risk management continued Foreign currency risks continued

At the reporting date the Group had the following exposure:

	HKD US\$ 000	GBP US\$ 000	EUR US\$ 000	USD US\$ 000	SGD US\$ 000	SEK US\$ 000	Total US\$ 000
2016							
Current assets	4,673	464	2,106	4,477	–	–	11,720
Current liabilities	(5,099)	(389)	(1,824)	(2,749)	–	–	(10,061)
Short-term exposure	(426)	75	282	1,728	–	–	1,659
	HKD US\$ 000	GBP US\$ 000	EUR US\$ 000	USD US\$ 000	SGD US\$ 000	SEK US\$ 000	Total US\$ 000
2015							
Current assets	3,080	1,149	255	6,315	1	524	11,324
Current liabilities	(5,320)	(584)	(56)	(2,482)	–	–	(8,442)
Short-term exposure	(2,240)	565	199	3,833	1	524	2,882

The following table illustrates the sensitivity of the net result for the year and equity in regards to the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities and the US Dollar–Sterling exchange rate, US Dollar–Euro exchange rate and US Dollar–Hong Kong Dollar exchange rate.

A 5% weakening of the US Dollar against the following currencies at 31 May 2016 would have increased/(decreased) equity and profit and loss by the amounts shown below:

	GBP US\$000	EUR US\$000	HKD US\$000	Total US\$000
2016				
Current assets	23	105	234	362
Current liabilities	(20)	(91)	(255)	(366)
Net assets	3	14	(21)	(4)
	GBP US\$000	EUR US\$000	HKD US\$000	Total US\$000
2015				
Current assets	57	13	154	224
Current liabilities	(29)	(3)	(266)	(298)
Net assets	28	10	(112)	(74)

A 5% strengthening of the US Dollar against the above currencies would have had the equal but opposite effect on the above currencies to the amounts shown above on the basis that all other variables remain constant.

22 Controlling party and ultimate controlling party

The directors consider the ultimate controlling party to be Burnbrae Limited and its beneficial owner Jim Mellon by virtue of their combined shareholding of 63.10%.

23 Subsequent events

To the knowledge of the directors, there have been no material events since the end of the reporting period that require disclosure in the accounts

Webis Holdings plc

Notice of Meeting

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual General Meeting of Webis Holdings plc (the "Company") will be held at The Claremont Hotel, 18/19 Loch Promenade, Douglas, Isle of Man, on 29 December 2016 at 11 am for the purpose of transacting the following business:

Ordinary Business

- 1 To receive and adopt the report of the directors and the accounts for the year ended 31 May 2016.
- 2 To re-elect as a director Denham Eke who retires by rotation and, being eligible, offers himself for re-election in accordance with the Company's Articles of Association.
- 3 To reappoint KPMG Audit LLC as auditors and to authorise the directors to determine their remuneration.

Special Business

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolutions:

As an Ordinary Resolution

- 4 That the authority granted by special resolution to the directors of the Company to allot relevant securities up to an amount equal to but not exceeding the authorised but unissued share capital of the Company for the time being which was passed at the Annual General Meeting of the Company held on 9 December 2002 be renewed pursuant to the power provided by Article 6(C) of the Company's Articles of Association, that such renewal of authority be for the exercise of that power generally and unconditionally and in all respects in the same terms as originally granted, and that such authority shall expire at the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company after the date of passing of this resolution unless renewed, varied or revoked by the Company in General Meeting.

As a Special Resolution

- 5 The directors of the Company be and they are hereby empowered pursuant to Article 8 of the Articles of Association of the Company (the "Articles") to allot equity securities (as defined in Article 7(H) of the Articles) pursuant to the authority conferred on the directors to allot relevant securities by Resolution 4 above as if Article 7(A) of the Articles did not apply to such allotment PROVIDED THAT this power shall be limited to:

- (i) the allotment of equity securities in connection with a rights issue in favour of ordinary shareholders where the equity securities are issued proportionally (or as nearly as may be) to the respective number of ordinary shares held by such shareholders (but subject to such exclusions or other arrangements as the directors may deem necessary or expedient to deal with issues arising under the laws of any territory or the requirements of any regulatory body or any stock exchange in any territory or the fixing of exchange rates applicable to any such equity securities where such equity securities are to be issued to shareholders in more than one territory, or legal or practical problems in respect of overseas shareholders, fractional entitlements or otherwise howsoever);

- (ii) the allotment of equity securities to holders of any options under any share option scheme of the

Company for the time being in force, on the exercise by them of any such options; and

- (iii) the allotment (otherwise than pursuant to paragraphs (i) or (ii) above) of equity securities up to a maximum aggregate nominal value equal to 50% of the issued ordinary share capital of the Company for the time being.

The power hereby conferred shall expire at the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company after the date of passing of this resolution unless such power shall be renewed in accordance with and subject to the provisions of the said Article 8, save that the Company may before such expiry make an offer or agreement which would or might require equity securities to be allotted after such expiry and the directors may allot equity securities pursuant to such offer or agreement as if the power conferred hereby had not expired.

As Ordinary Resolutions

- 6 That in accordance with Article 12 of the Company's Articles of Association and with Section 13 of the Companies Act 1992 the Company be generally and unconditionally authorised to make market purchases (as defined by Section 13(2) of the Companies Act 1992) of ordinary shares of 1 pence each in its capital, provided that:

- (a) the maximum number of shares that may be acquired is 39,333,831;
- (b) the minimum price that may be paid for the shares is 1 pence;
- (c) the maximum price that may be paid is, for a share the Company contracts to purchase on any day, a sum equal to 105% of the average of the upper and lower quotations on the Daily Official List of the London Stock Exchange for the ordinary shares of the Company on the five business days immediately preceding that day; and
- (d) the authority conferred by this resolution shall expire at the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company after the date of the passing of this resolution unless renewed, varied or revoked by the Company in General Meeting, but not so as to prejudice the completion of a purchase contracted before that date.

- 7 That the Report of the Remuneration Committee be received and adopted.

By order of the Board

Nigel Caine

Secretary

28 November 2016

Registered Office: Viking House

Nelson Street, Douglas

Isle of Man, IM1 2AH

Webis Holdings plc

Notes

1. Members are entitled to appoint a proxy to exercise all or any of their rights to attend and vote on their behalf at the meeting. A proxy need not be a shareholder of the Company. A shareholder may appoint more than one proxy in relation to the Annual General Meeting provided that each proxy is appointed to exercise the rights attached to a different share or shares held by that shareholder. To appoint more than one proxy you may photocopy the proxy form accompanying this notice. Please indicate the proxy holder's name and the number of shares in relation to which they are authorised to act as your proxy (which, in aggregate, should not exceed the number of shares held by you). Please also indicate if the proxy instruction is one of multiple instructions being given. All forms must be signed and should be returned together in the same envelope.
2. To be valid, the form of proxy and the power of attorney or other authority (if any) under which it is signed - or a notarially certified or office copy of such power or authority - must be lodged at the offices of the Company's registrars, Capita Asset Services, PXS, 34 Beckenham Road, Beckenham, Kent, BR3 4TU by hand, or sent by post, so as to be received not less than 48 hours before the time fixed for the holding of the meeting or any adjournment thereof (as the case may be).
3. The completion and return of a form of proxy will not preclude a member from attending in person at the meeting and voting should he wish to do so.
4. In the case of a corporation, the form of proxy must be executed under its common seal or the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised.
5. A member may appoint a proxy of his or her own choice. If the name of the member's choice is not entered in the space provided on the form of proxy, the return of the form of proxy duly signed will authorise the chairman of the meeting to act as that member's proxy.
6. To abstain from voting on a resolution, select the relevant 'withheld' box. A vote withheld is not a vote in law and will not be counted in the calculation of votes for or against the resolution. If no voting indication is given, your proxy will vote or abstain from voting at his or her discretion. Your proxy will vote (or abstain from voting) as he or she thinks fit in relation to any other matter which is put before the meeting.
7. Pursuant to regulation 22 of the Uncertificated Securities Regulations 2005, the Company has specified that only those members entered on the register of members at close of business on 27 December 2016 shall be entitled to attend and vote at the meeting. Changes to the register after close of business on 27 December 2016 shall be disregarded in determining the rights of any person to attend and vote at the meeting.
8. Where a corporation is to be represented at the meeting by a personal representative, such corporation must deposit a certified copy of the resolution of its directors or other governing body authorising the appointment of the representative at the Company's registered office: Viking House, Nelson Street, Douglas, Isle of Man, IM1 2AH not later than 48 hours before the time appointed for the holding of the meeting.

Webis Holdings plc

Company Information

Directors

Denham Eke
Non-Executive Chairman
Ed Comins
Managing Director
Nigel Caine
Non-Executive Director
Sir James Mellon
Non-Executive Director

Secretary

Nigel Caine

Registered Office

Viking House
Nelson Street
Douglas, Isle of Man
IM1 2AH

Bankers

NedBank Private Wealth Ltd
St Mary's Court
20 Hill Street
Douglas
Isle of Man
IM1 1EU

Auditors

KPMG Audit LLC
Chartered Accountants
Heritage Court
41 Athol Street
Douglas, Isle of Man
IM99 1HN

Nominated Adviser and Broker

Beaumont Cornish Limited
2nd Floor, Bowman House
29 Wilson Street
London
EC2M 2SJ

Legal Advisors

Long & Humphrey
The Old Courthouse
Athol Street
Douglas
Isle of Man
IM1 1LD

UK Registrar

Capita Asset Services
The Registry, 34 Beckenham Road
Beckenham
Kent
BR3 4TU

Corporate Website

www.webisholdingsplc.com

Twitter

@WebisHoldings

Webis Holdings plc

Webis Holdings plc

Viking House, Nelson Street
Douglas, Isle of Man
IM1 2AH, British Isles

Email: ir@webisholdingsplc.com

Website: www.webisholdingsplc.com